

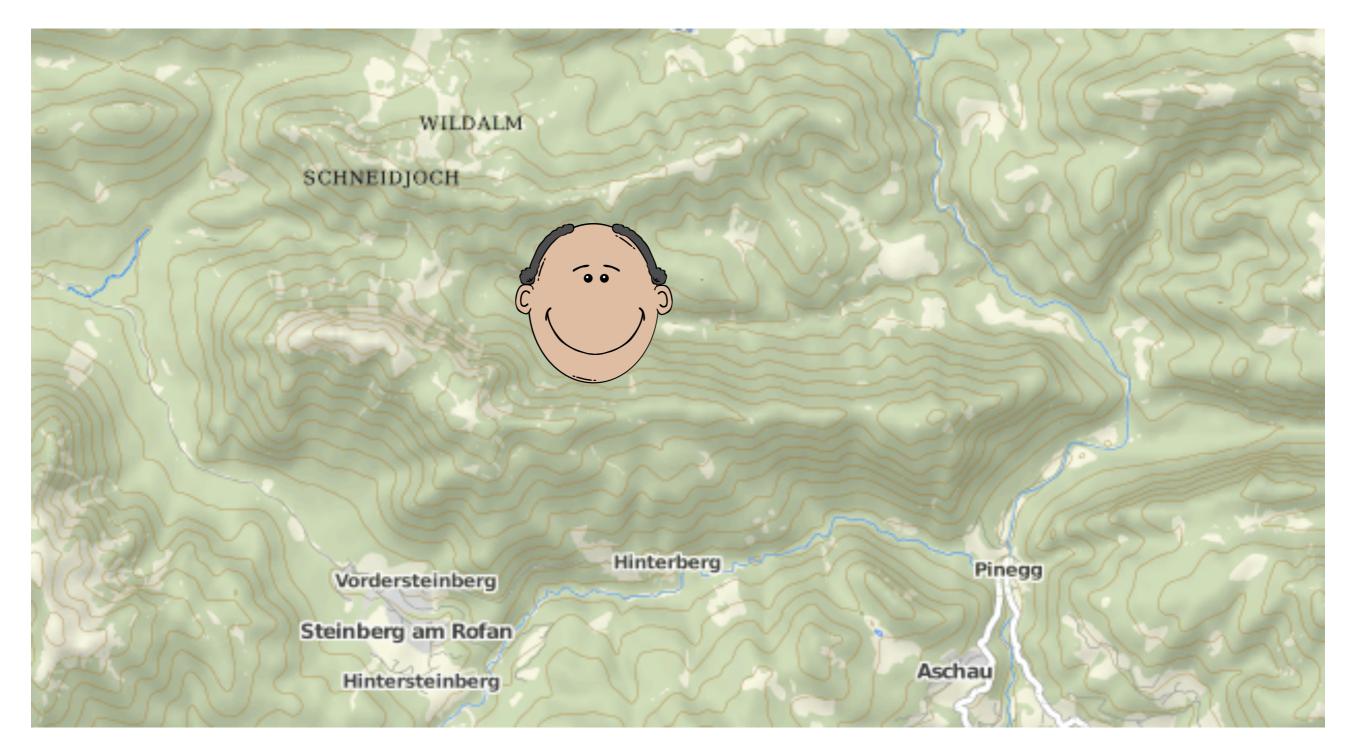


A Preference SQL Approach to Improve Context-Adaptive Location-Based Services for Outdoor Activities

<u>F. Wenzel</u>, M. Soutschek, W. Kießling Vienna, 21st Nov. 2011











SCHNEIDJOCH

WILDALM

A hiking tour that is **nearby**, has duration of 4 to 6 hours, difficulty level *hard* and highest rating. If possible, the experience level should be around 3.

Aschau

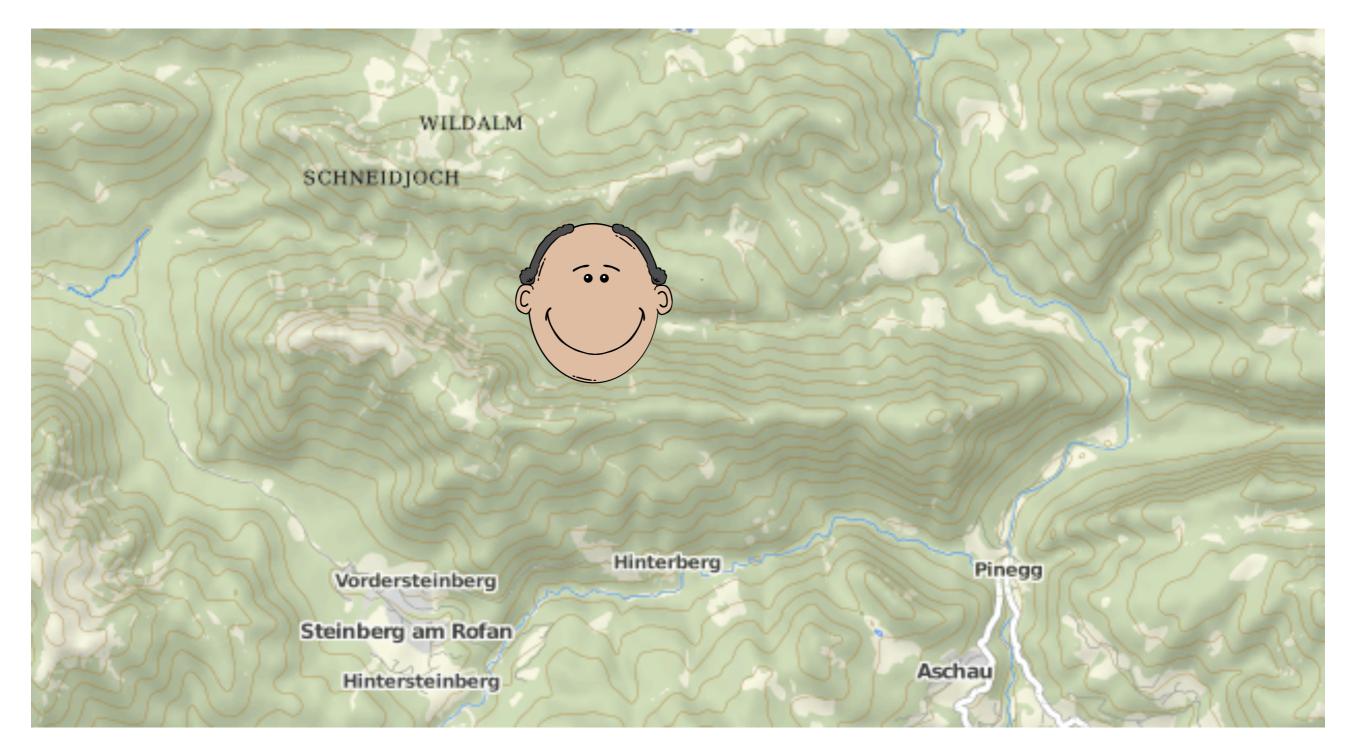
Vordersteinberg

Steinberg am Rofan

Hintersteinberg

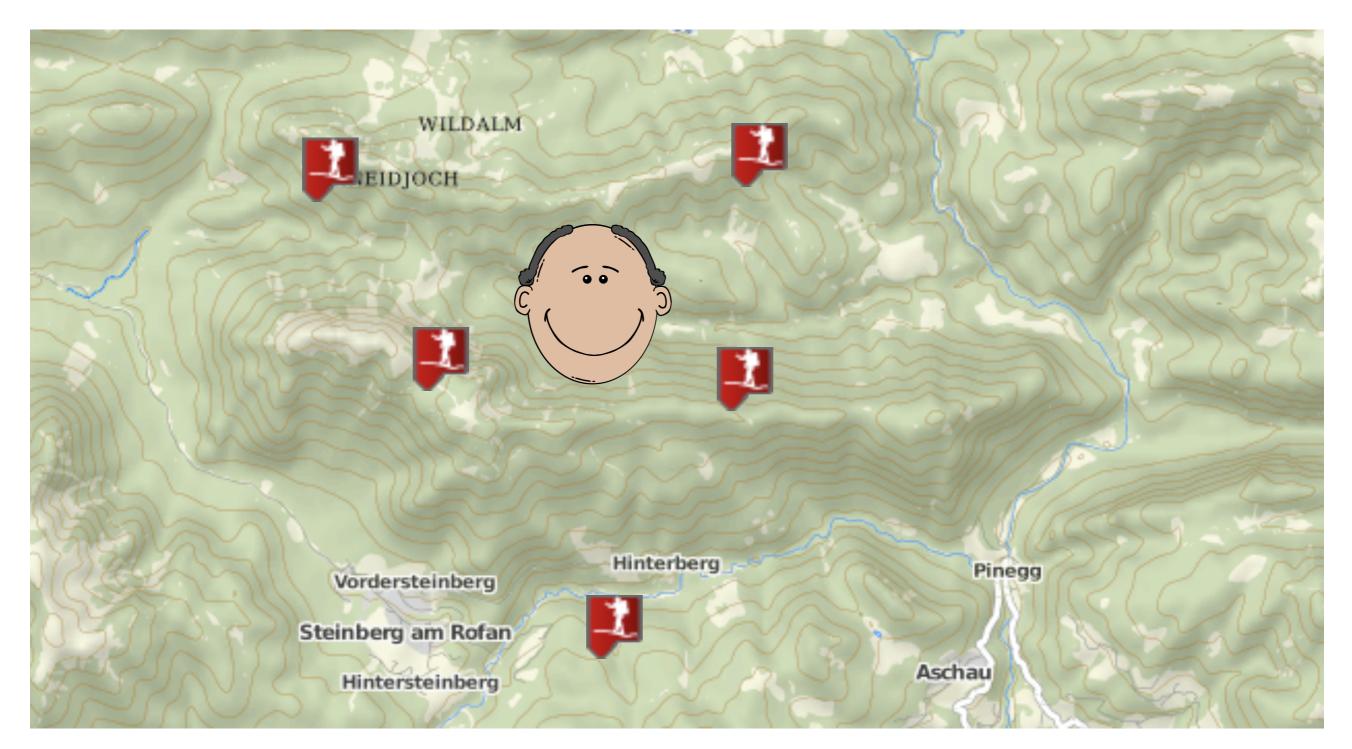






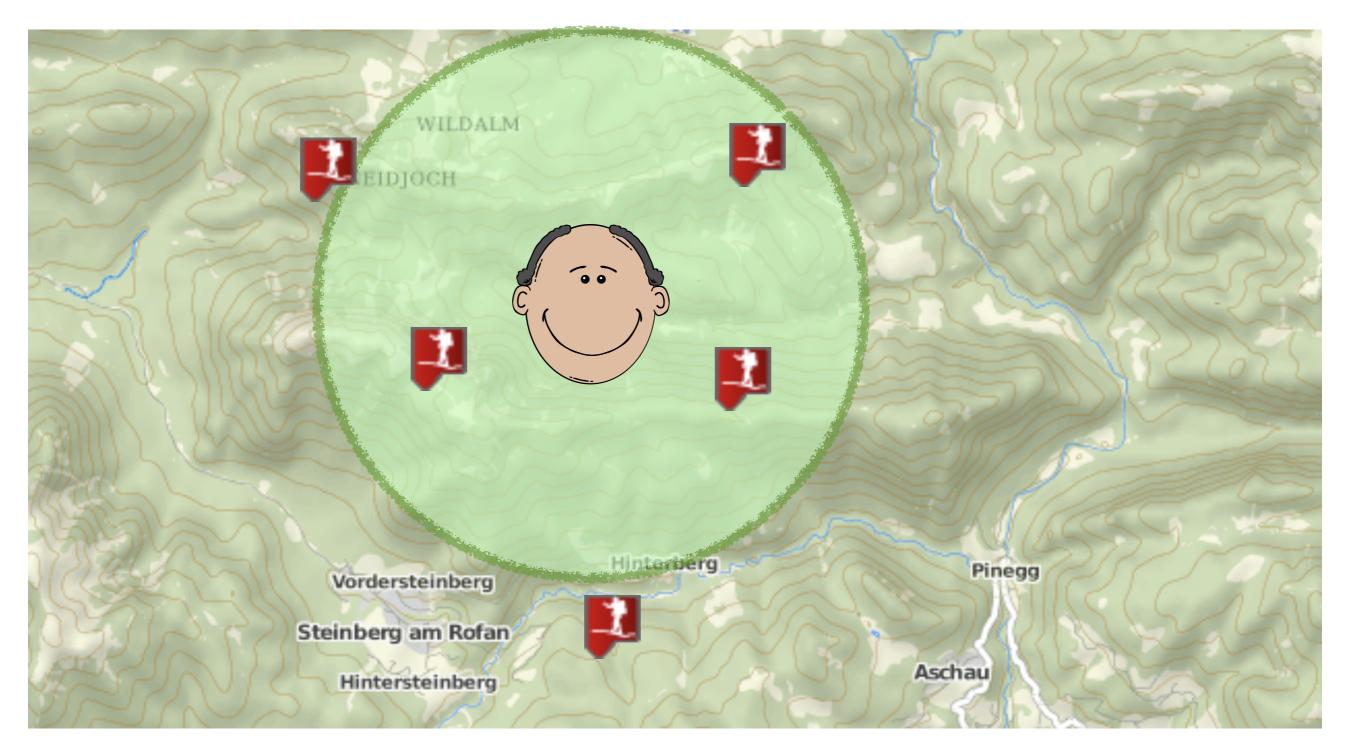






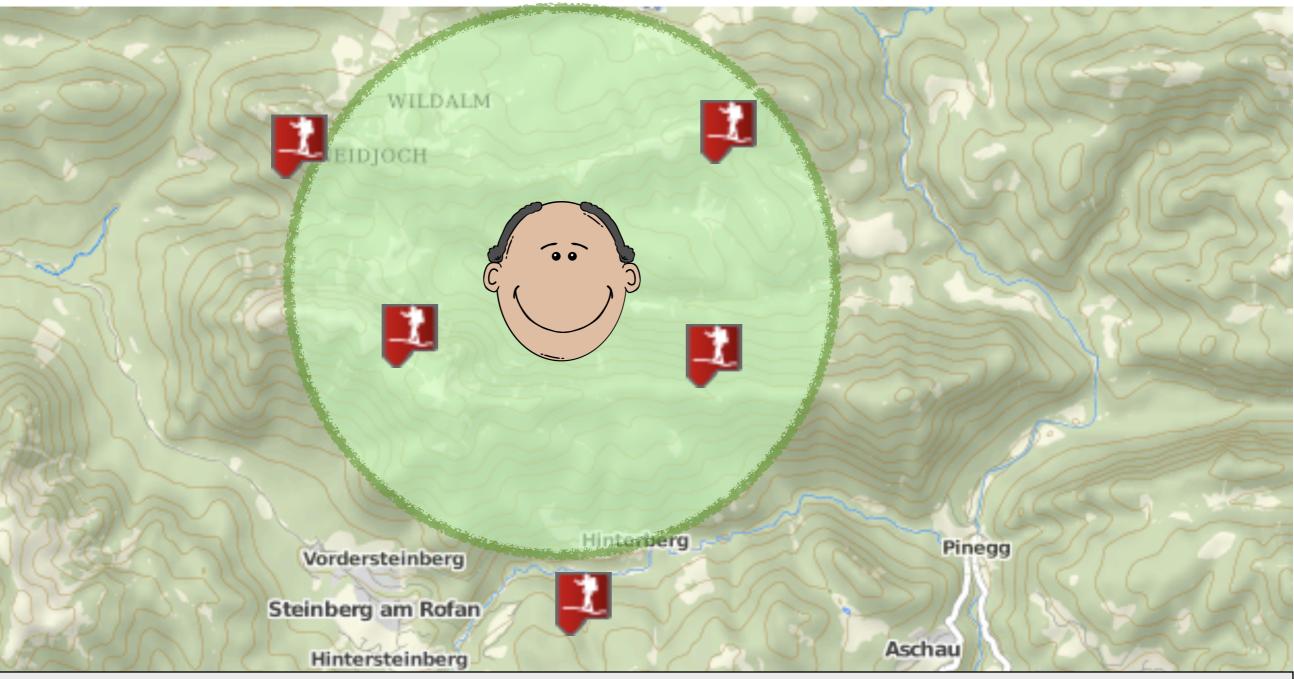








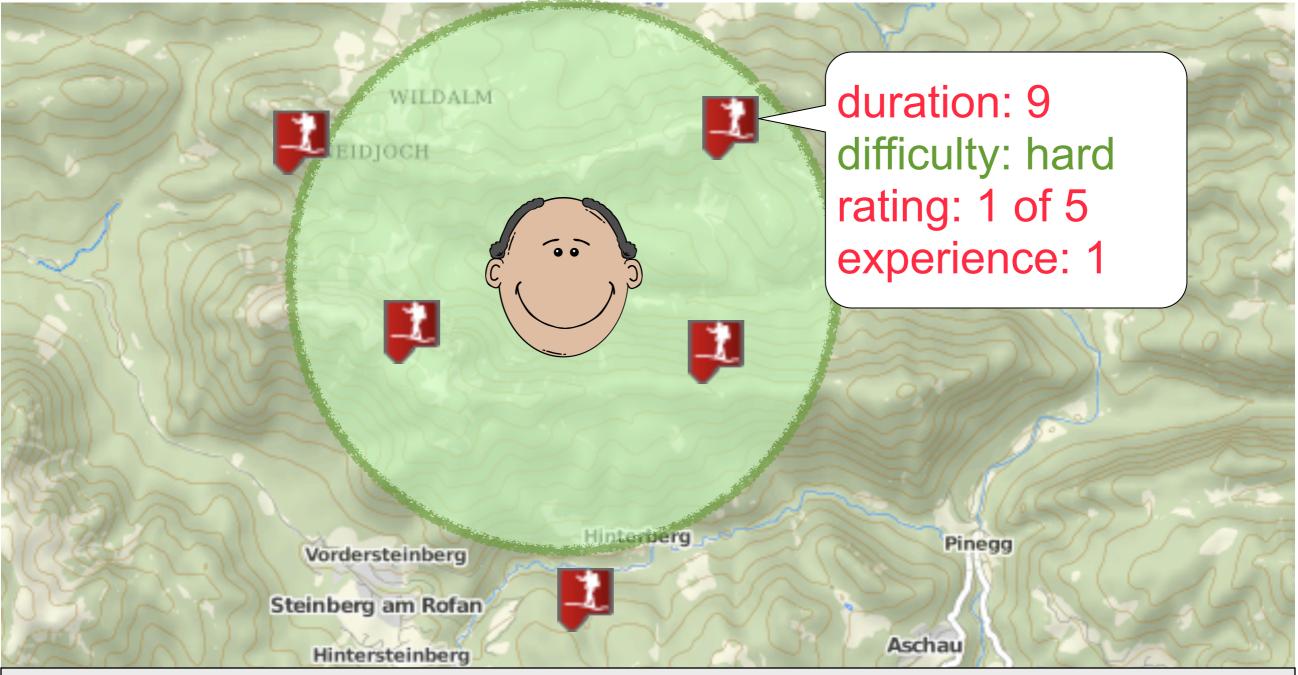




hiking tour: nearby, duration 4 to 6 hours, difficulty hard, highest rating, experience level around 3.



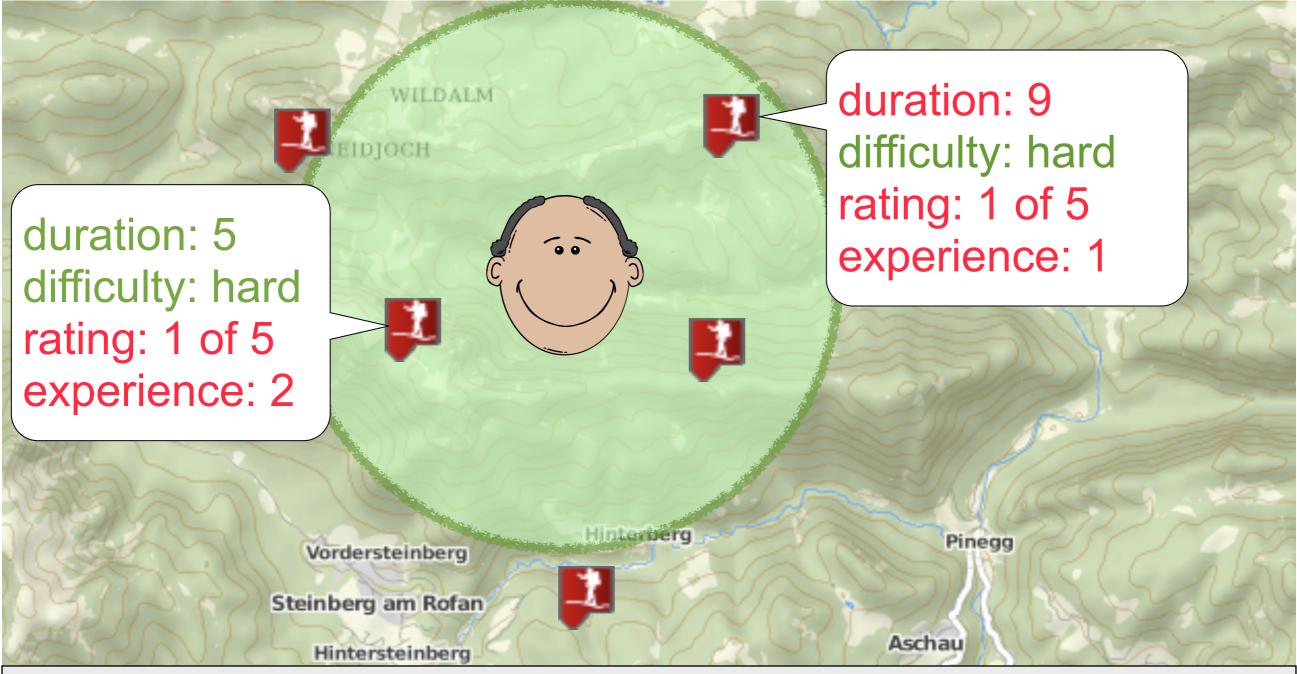




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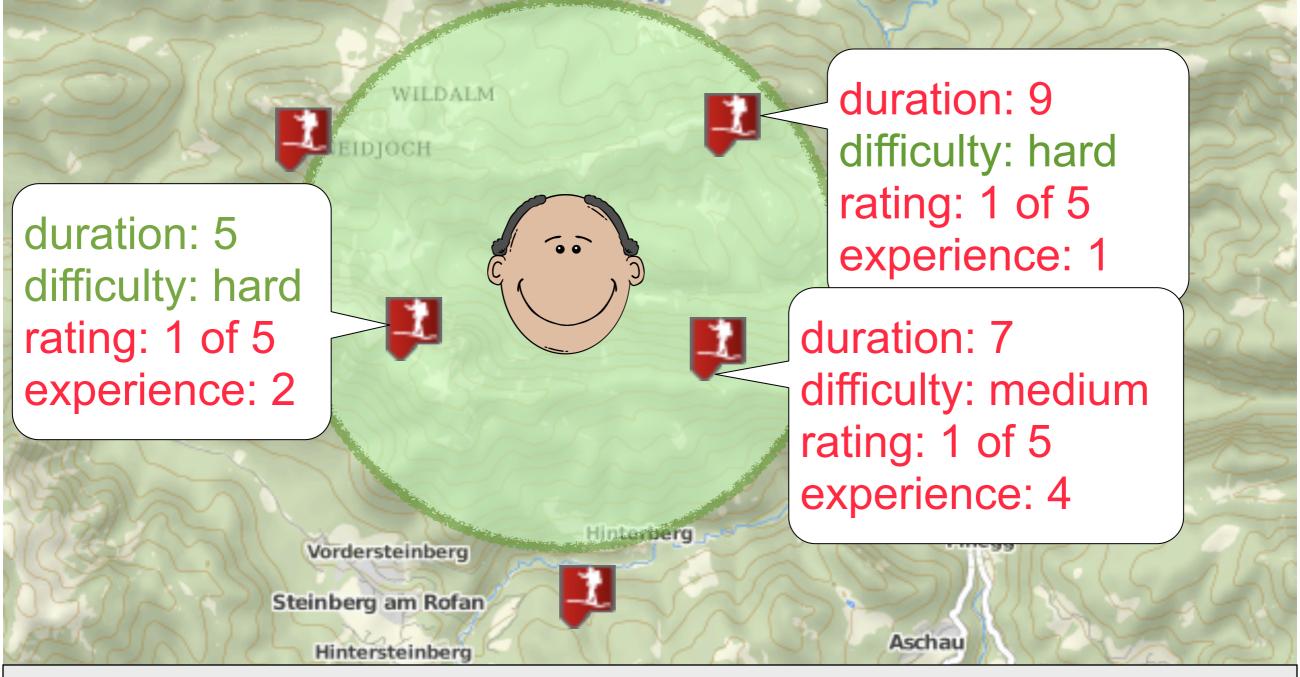




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hiking tour: nearby, duration 4 to 6 hours, difficulty hard, highest rating, experience level around 3.







duration: 4 difficulty: hard rating: 4 of 5 experience: 3

duration: 5 difficulty: hard rating: 1 of 5 experience: 2

duration: 9 difficulty: hard rating: 1 of 5 experience: 1

duration: 7 difficulty: medium rating: 1 of 5 experience: 4

Aschau

Vordersteinberg

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hiking tour: nearby, duration 4 to 6 hours, difficulty hard, highest rating, experience level around 3.

Hinderg berg







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Aschau

hiking tour: nearby, duration 4 to 6 hours, difficulty hard, highest rating, experience level around 3.

Hinterberg

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duration: 5

difficulty: easy

rating: 4 of 5

experience: 3





- The example shows that conventional search
 - often generates too many (flooding) or no results (empty result effect),
 - forces users to iteratively change search parameters,
 - creates long session times from first click to final result.

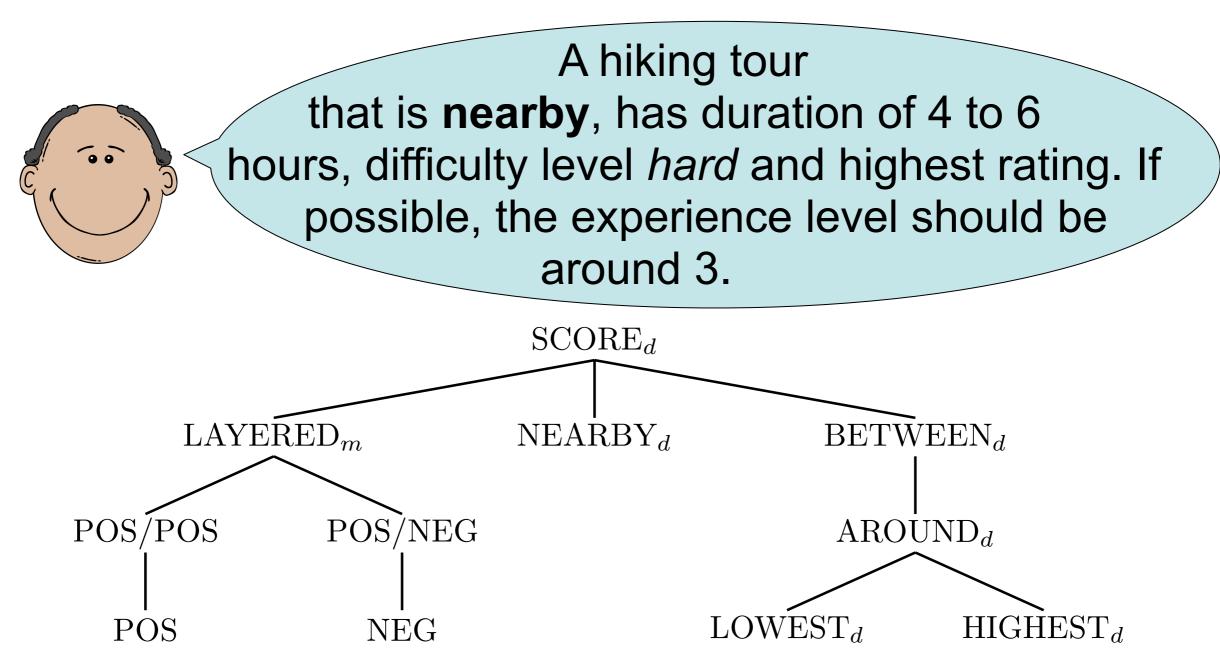
- What is needed is a query language that
 - avoids empty results and flooding,
 - lets users express wishes concerning basic attributes,
 - lets users state priorities between those basic wishes,
 - delivers results in **one single step**.





- Preference SQL defines a *Preference Algebra* with base and complex preference constructors.
- Based on that algebra, a query language for soft and hard constraints is implemented extending the SQL standard.
- The Best Matches Only (BMO) query model returns perfect matches if such matches exist.
- The Query model mitigates flooding and the empty result effect.
- Preference SQL is implemented as Java-middleware that connects to any conventional relational database system.
- The middleware provides its own parser, optimizer and preference algorithms.

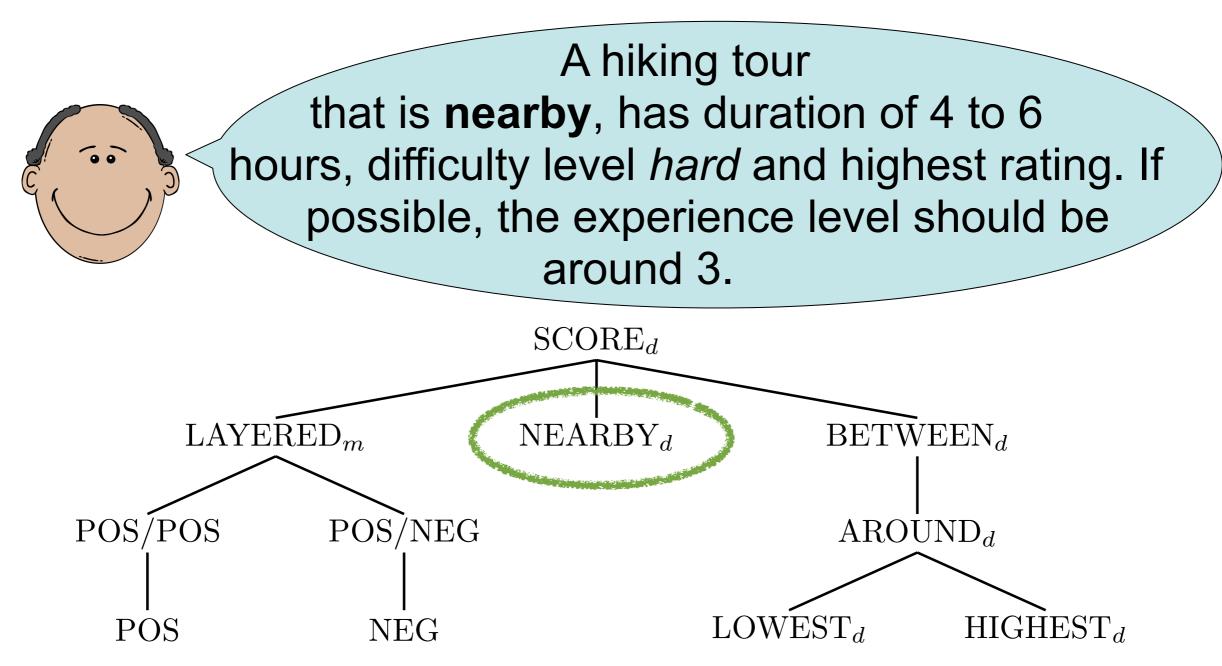




Universität

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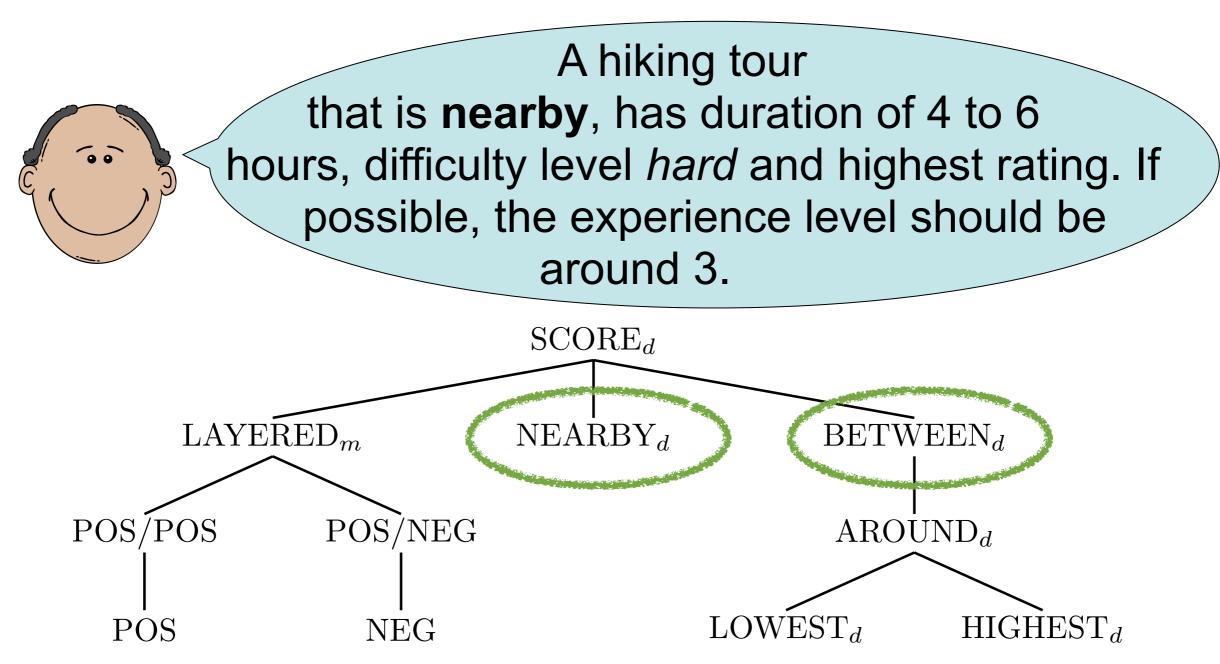




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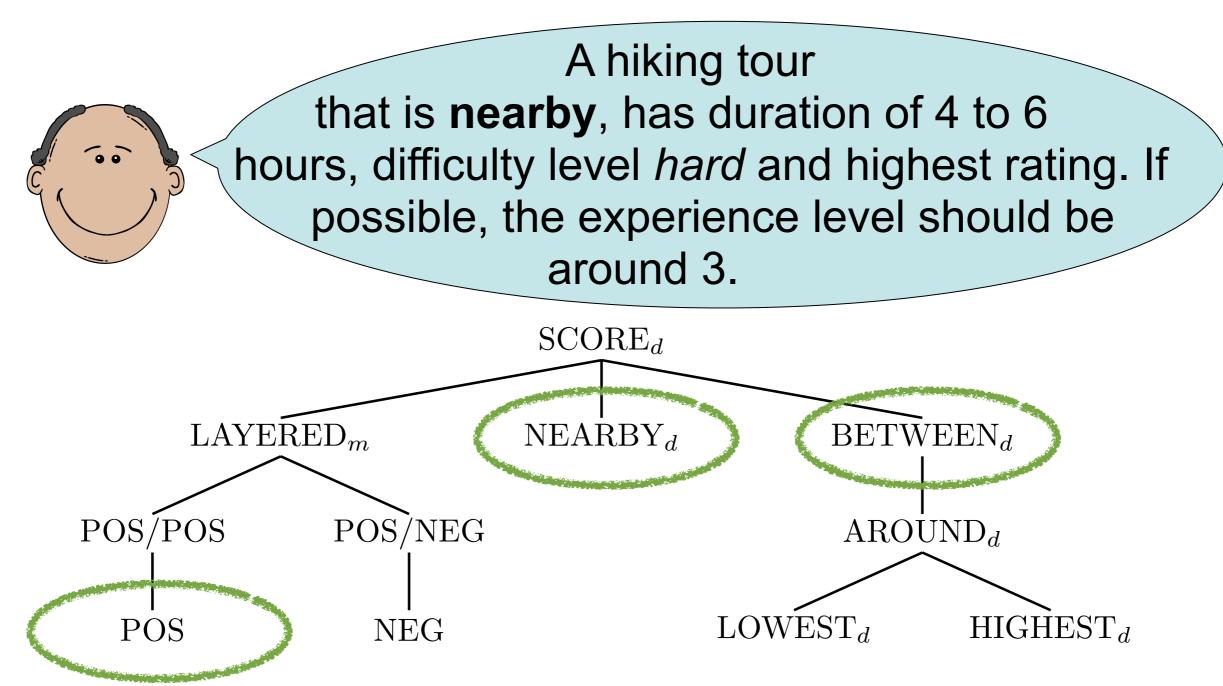




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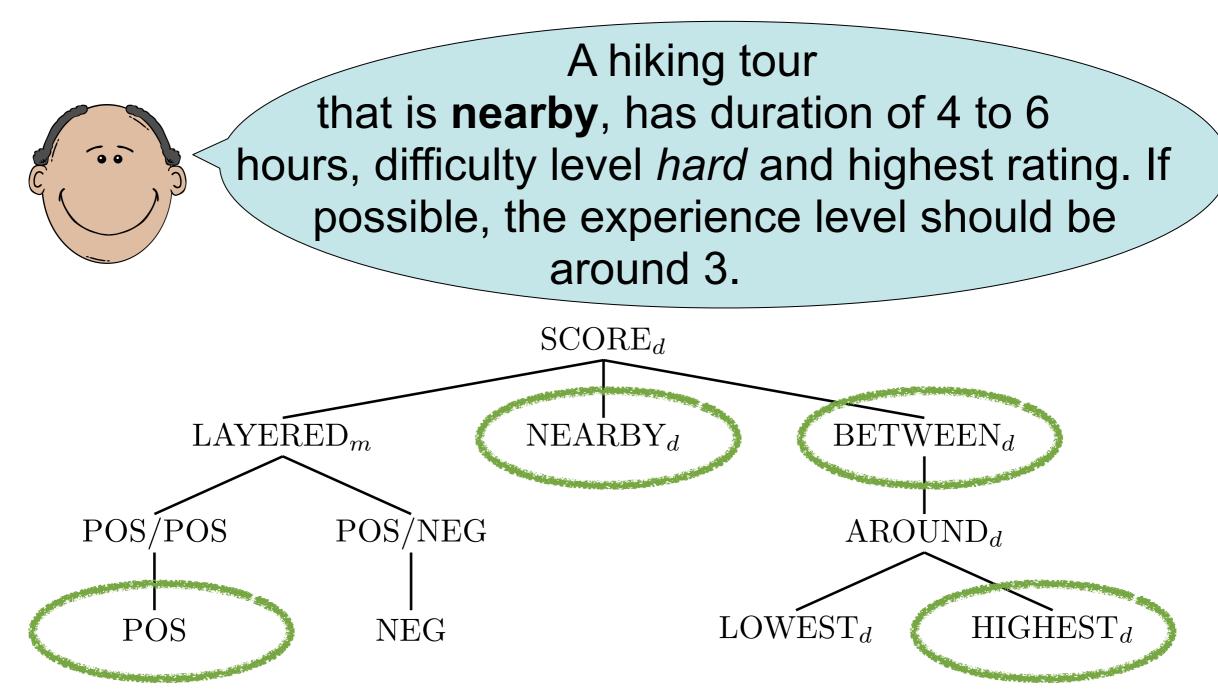


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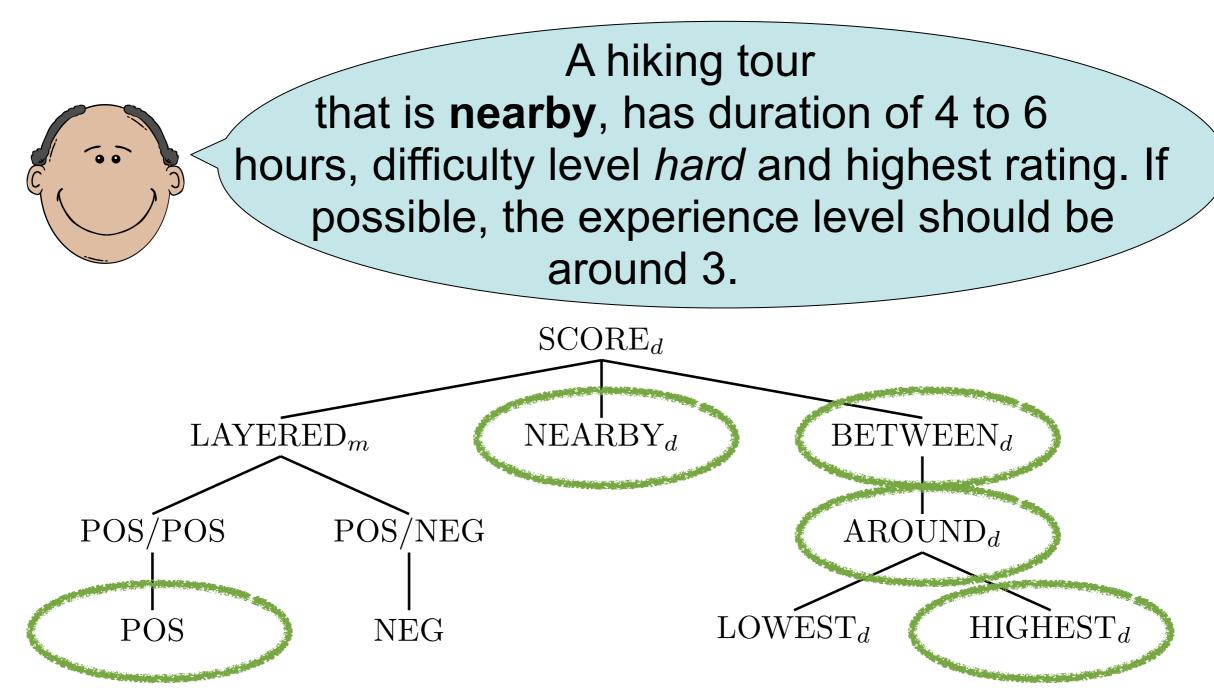


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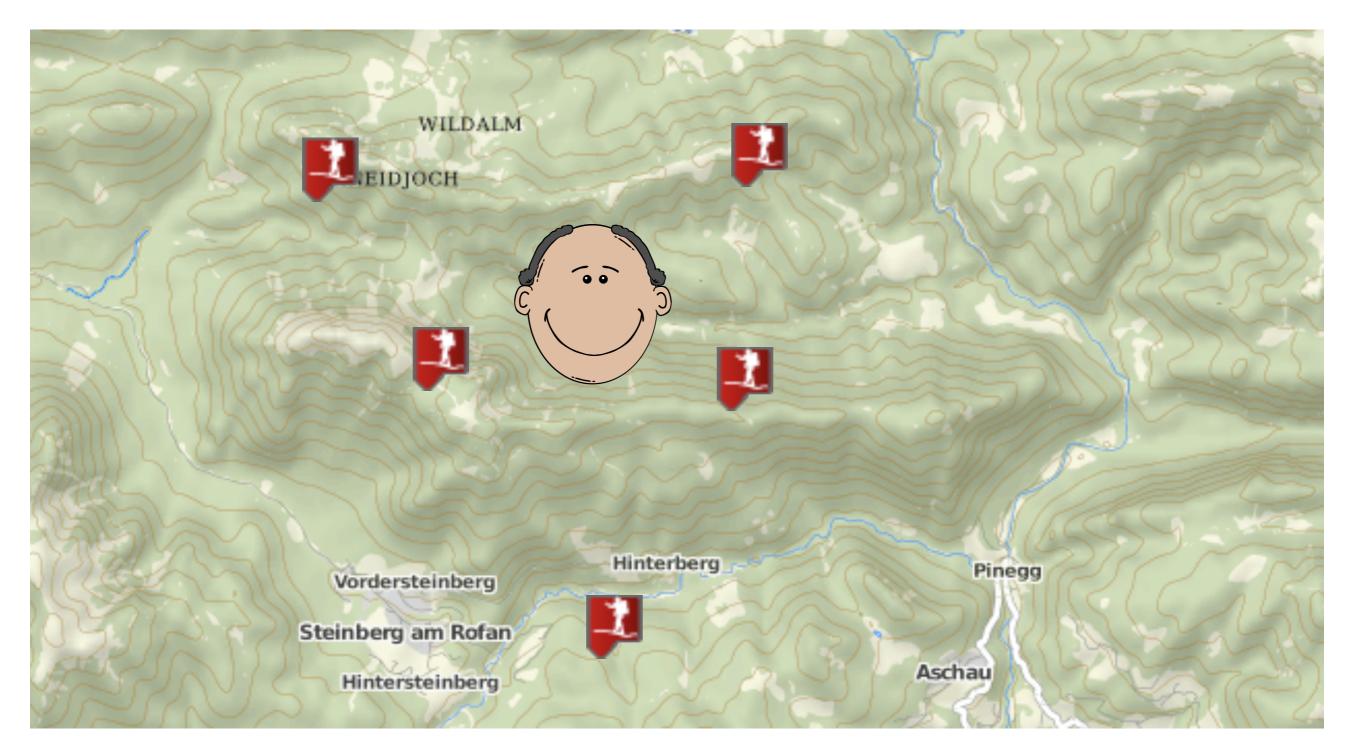
- Pareto constructor:
 - Involved preferences are of equal importance
 - example: Paul's wish for hard tours and highest rating

- **Prioritization** constructor:
 - involved preferences are of ordered importance
 - example: experience level as Paul's tiebreaker preference



NEARBY Preference

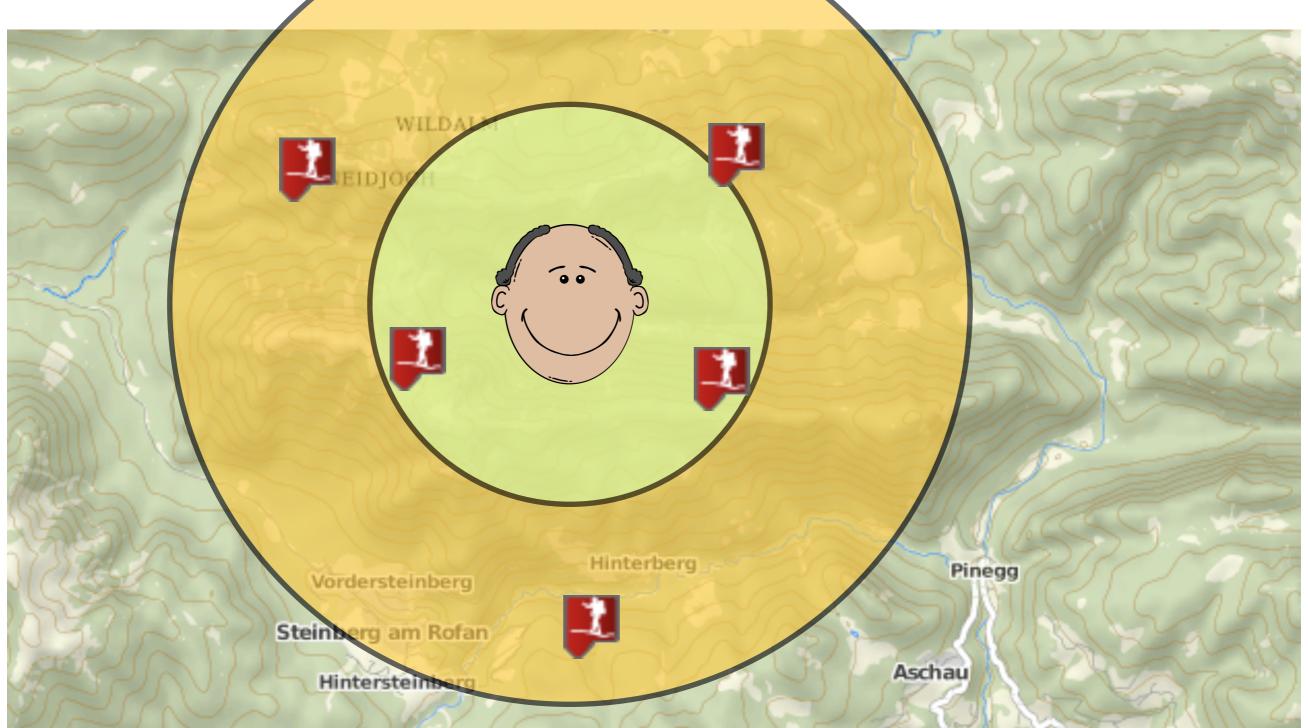






NEARBY Preference



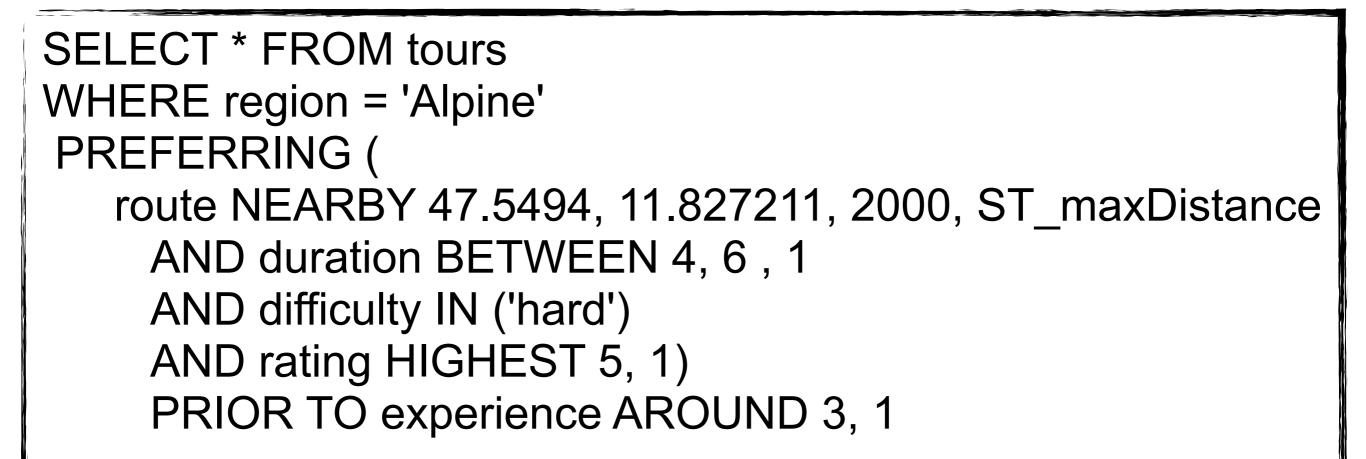






- NEARBY is a first representative of Spatial Preferences.
- The implementation uses the basic functionality of the underlying PostgreSQL + PostGIS database.
- Several distance functions can be used: ST_Distance, ST_maxDistance
- Performance benchmark:
 - 24000 entries in about 5,5 sec
 - 1000 entries in less than 1 sec
 - largest touristic region in a commercial test case with 1300 entries





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base preferences

SELECT * FROM tours WHERE region = 'Alpine' PREFERRING (route NEARBY 47.5494, 11.827211, 2000, ST_maxDistance AND duration BETWEEN 4, 6, 1 AND difficulty IN ('hard') AND rating HIGHEST 5, 1) PRIOR TO experience AROUND 3, 1



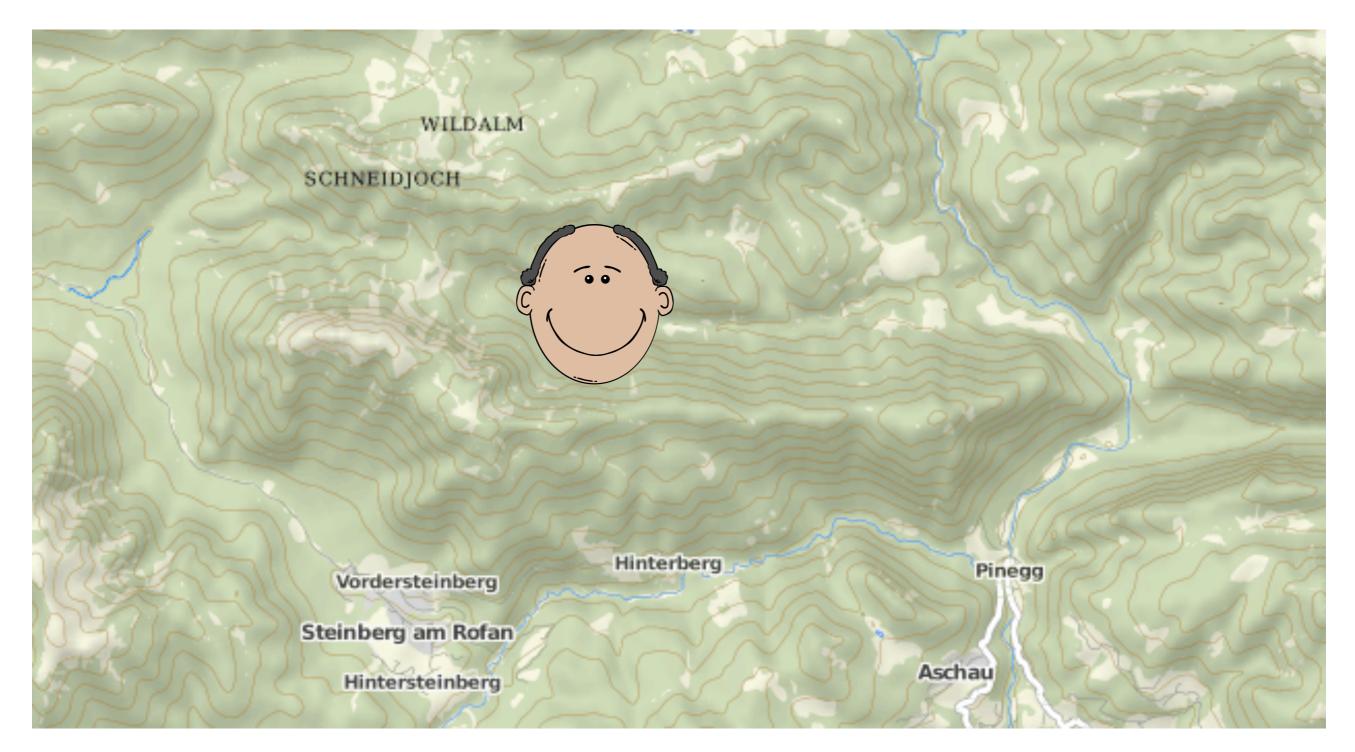


complex preferences

SELECT * FROM tours WHERE region = 'Alpine' PREFERRING (route NEARBY 47.5494, 11.827211, 2000, ST_maxDistance AND duration BETWEEN 4, 6, 1 AND difficulty IN ('hard') AND rating HIGHEST 5, 1) PRIOR TO experience AROUND 3, 1

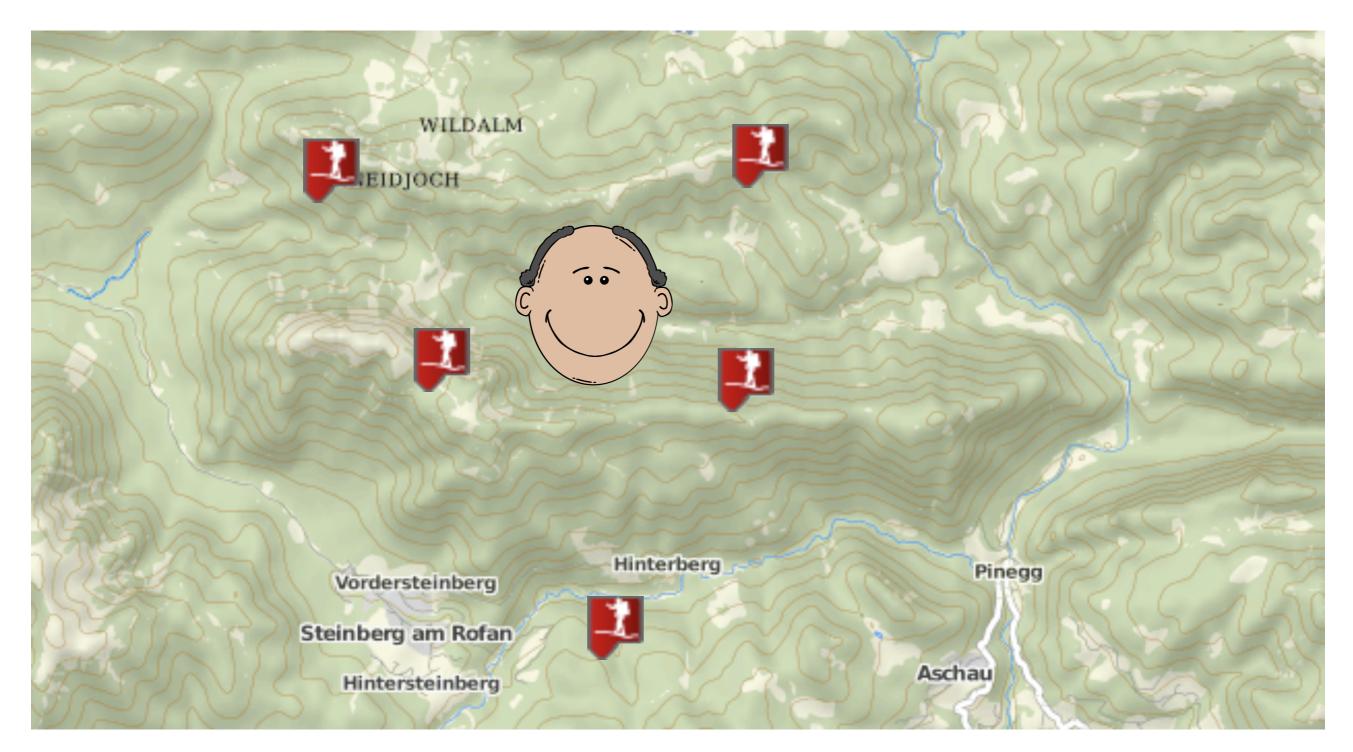






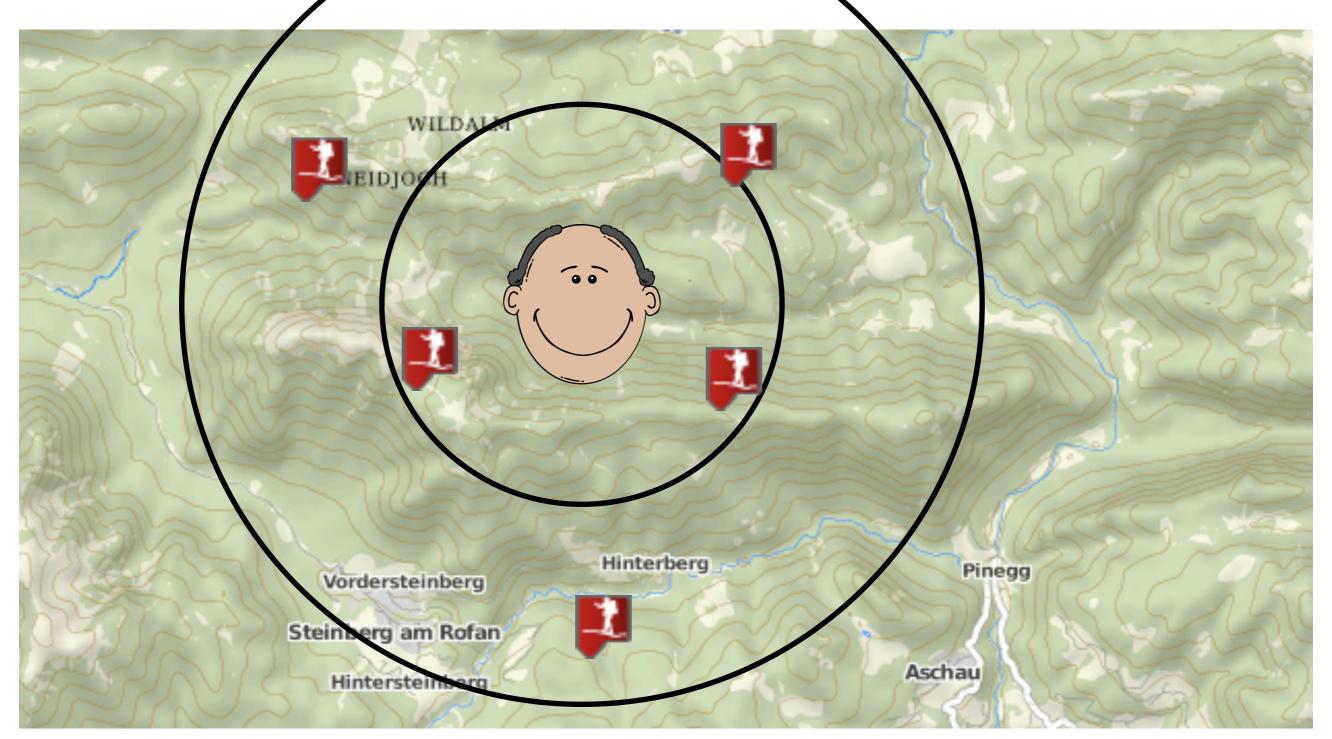






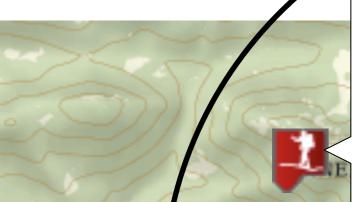












duration: 4 difficulty: hard rating: 4 of 5 experience: 3

Hinterberg

duration: 5 difficulty: hard rating: 1 of 5 experience: 2

> duration: 5 difficulty: easy rating: 4 of 5 experience: 3

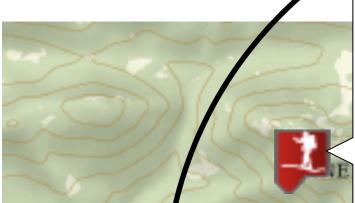
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Aschau







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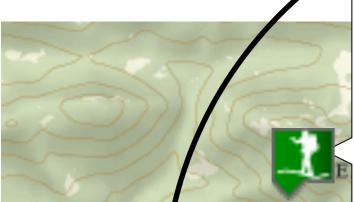
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Hinterberg







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Aschau

hiking tour: nearby, duration 4 to 6 hours, difficulty hard, highest rating, experience level around 3.

Hinterberg



Conclusion:

- Preference SQL is a first choice for a new generation of LBS.
- It provides One-Step-Search functionality.
- It offers the integration of context models and facilitates user modeling.

Future Work:

- Extension of the SQL standard to support spatial extensions such as SQL-MM Spatial
- Development of new Spatial Preferences derived from authentic user scenarios
- Spatial Group Preferences for complex planning applications







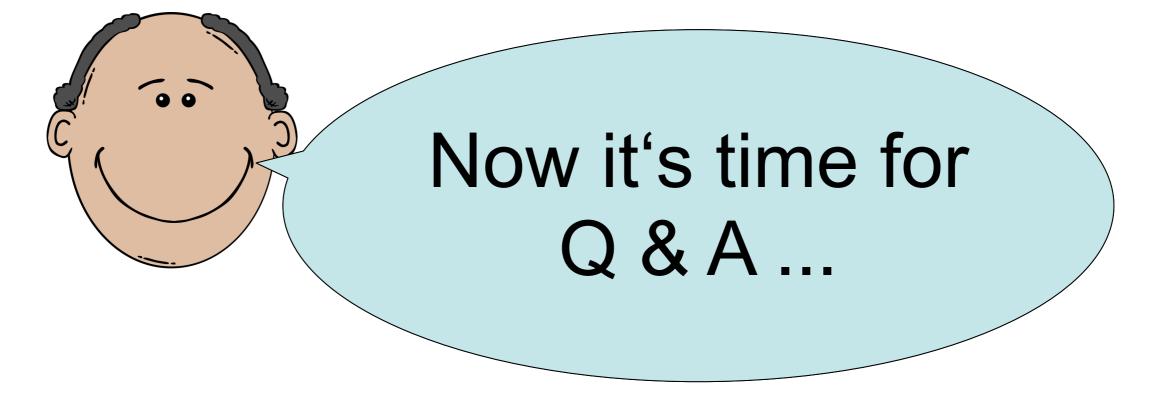
















Spatial Preferences for One-Step-Search in Location-Based Services

<u>F. Wenzel</u>, S. Paulus, W. Kießling Vienna, 21st Nov. 2011



Showcase









Showcase



- Location-based Android client operating on OpenStreetMap and commercial data
- Application assists users in finding personalized hiking tours, POIs, restaurants, gas stations and ATMs
- The showcase illustrates the main benefits of Preference SQL for LBS:
 - One-Step-Search that delivers results without repeated calibration of search parameters
 - Spatial Preferences as a new way to incorporate spatial information into search queries
 - Best personalized results without the occurrence of flooding or the empty result effect





Schedule: today at 14:40 and 16:25 during coffee break

For further information, tutorials, downloads and feedback please visit

http://trial.preferencesql.com